



Security Assessment

BUP(Build UP) Project

Jun 6th, 2022



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Disclaimer

About

Summary

This report has been prepared for BUP(Build UP) Project to discover issues and vulnerabilities in the source code of the BUP(Build UP) Project project as well as any contract dependencies that were not part of an officially recognized library. A comprehensive examination has been performed, utilizing Static Analysis and Manual Review techniques.

The auditing process pays special attention to the following considerations:

- Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors.
- Assessing the codebase to ensure compliance with current best practices and industry standards.
- Ensuring contract logic meets the specifications and intentions of the client.
- Cross referencing contract structure and implementation against similar smart contracts produced by industry leaders.
- Thorough line-by-line manual review of the entire codebase by industry experts.

The security assessment resulted in findings that ranged from critical to informational. We recommend addressing these findings to ensure a high level of security standards and industry practices. We suggest recommendations that could better serve the project from the security perspective:

- Enhance general coding practices for better structures of source codes;
- Add enough unit tests to cover the possible use cases;
- Provide more comments per each function for readability, especially contracts that are verified in public;
- Provide more transparency on privileged activities once the protocol is live.

Overview

Project Summary

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Project Name | BUP(Build UP) Project |
| Platform | Polygon |
| Language | Solidity |
| Codebase | https://polygonscan.com/token/0xa32bbbd1b91830af32432e2d9c060c0e45f5c981 |

Audit Summary

| | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Delivery Date | Jun 06, 2022 UTC |
| Audit Methodology | Static Analysis, Manual Review |

Vulnerability Summary

| Vulnerability Level | Total | Pending | Declined | Acknowledged | Mitigated | Partially Resolved | Resolved |
|---------------------|-------|---------|----------|--------------|-----------|--------------------|----------|
| ● Critical | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ● Major | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ● Medium | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ● Minor | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ● Informational | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ● Discussion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Audit Scope

| ID | File | SHA256 Checksum |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|
| CON | contracts/v6/common/Context.sol | 3f51bf02a778b064ae8981d65488d923a45714587b247e316700c4a108fc3eec |
| ERC | contracts/v6/token/ERC20.sol | d9afd488a93182fb6551ff8ee0e18bbb37ab45ca8138b9a5ac780eae1de3882e |
| IER | contracts/v6/token/IERC20.sol | 3a679bde8c09d2f3ca481084b713e221ad03eb2b658063c6d271979a7437351d |
| ADD | contracts/v6/utls/Address.sol | 7036511aa4a5f91b4354a0829f9519cfeea16e9deca8189fa4cfbe2187b3bd7f |
| SMN | contracts/v6/utls/SafeMath.sol | 012f73be2c1e930a2206d22ea6d22bd20f2ad2d0f7950667b9fcc847d9fe8762 |
| BUP | contracts/v6/BUP.sol | eac4e7c92c3cfc300168d53978bdc6881de362ea7789c8ef538eaf5f15f9f79c |

Findings



| | |
|---------------|------------|
| Critical | 0 (0.00%) |
| Major | 2 (40.00%) |
| Medium | 0 (0.00%) |
| Minor | 0 (0.00%) |
| Informational | 3 (60.00%) |
| Discussion | 0 (0.00%) |

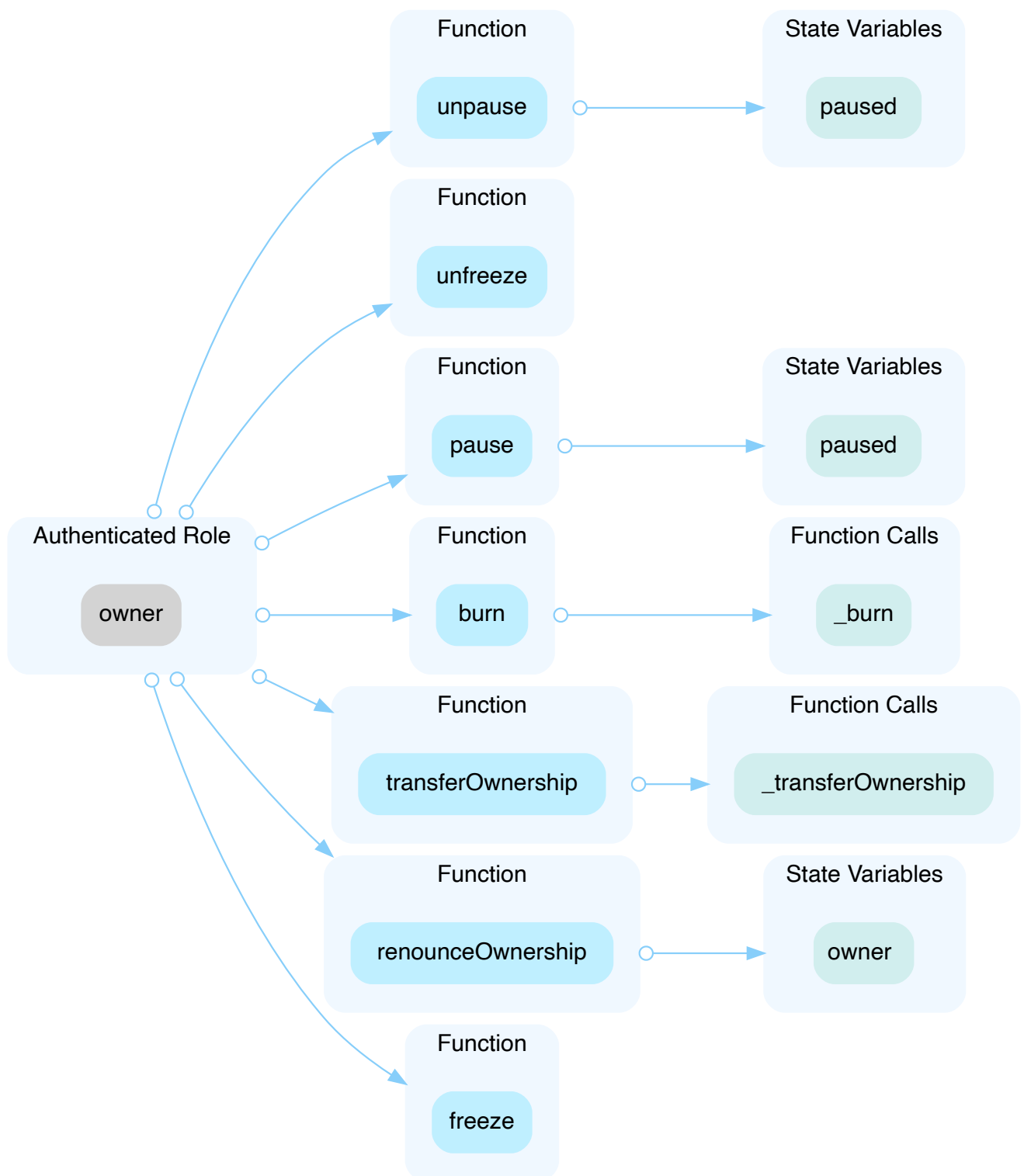
| ID | Title | Category | Severity | Status |
|--------|--|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| BUP-01 | Centralization Risks In BUP.sol | Centralization / Privilege | Major | ⓘ Acknowledged |
| BUP-02 | Initial Token Distribution | Centralization / Privilege | Major | ⓘ Acknowledged |
| BUP-03 | Too Many Digits | Coding Style | Informational | ⓘ Acknowledged |
| V6C-01 | Redundant Code Components | Volatile Code | Informational | ⓘ Acknowledged |
| V6C-02 | Improper Usage Of <code>public</code> And <code>external</code> Type | Gas Optimization | Informational | ⓘ Acknowledged |

BUP-01 | Centralization Risks In BUP.sol

| Category | Severity | Location | Status |
|----------------------------|----------|---|----------------|
| Centralization / Privilege | ● Major | contracts/v6/BUP.sol: 40, 49, 88, 96, 112, 117, 149 | ① Acknowledged |

Description

In the contract `BUP` the role `owner` has authority over the functions shown in the diagram below. Any compromise to the `owner` account may allow the hacker to take advantage of this authority.



Recommendation

The risk describes the current project design and potentially makes iterations to improve in the security operation and level of decentralization, which in most cases cannot be resolved entirely at the present stage. We advise the client to carefully manage the privileged account's private key to avoid any potential risks of being hacked. In general, we strongly recommend centralized privileges or roles in the protocol be

improved via a decentralized mechanism or smart-contract-based accounts with enhanced security practices, e.g., multisignature wallets. Indicatively, here are some feasible suggestions that would also mitigate the potential risk at a different level in terms of short-term, long-term and permanent:

Short Term:

Timelock and Multi sign ($\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{3}{5}$) combination *mitigate* by delaying the sensitive operation and avoiding a single point of key management failure.

- Time-lock with reasonable latency, e.g., 48 hours, for awareness on privileged operations;
AND
- Assignment of privileged roles to multi-signature wallets to prevent a single point of failure due to the private key compromised;
AND
- A medium/blog link for sharing the timelock contract and multi-signers addresses information with the public audience.

Long Term:

Timelock and DAO, the combination, *mitigate* by applying decentralization and transparency.

- Time-lock with reasonable latency, e.g., 48 hours, for awareness on privileged operations;
AND
- Introduction of a DAO/governance/voting module to increase transparency and user involvement.
AND
- A medium/blog link for sharing the timelock contract, multi-signers addresses, and DAO information with the public audience.

Permanent:

Renouncing the ownership or removing the function can be considered *fully resolved*.

- Renounce the ownership and never claim back the privileged roles.
OR
- Remove the risky functionality.

Alleviation

From the client: We will use a hard wallet to solve the problem. We are going to distribute tokens as specified in the hard wallet and proceed with the announcement online.

BUP-02 | Initial Token Distribution

| Category | Severity | Location | Status |
|----------------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------------|
| Centralization / Privilege | ● Major | contracts/v6/BUP.sol: 16 | 📄 Acknowledged |

Description

All of the 9900000000 tokens are sent to the contract deployer when deploying the contract. This could be a centralization risk as the deployer can distribute the tokens without obtaining the consensus of the community.

Recommendation

We recommend the team to be transparent regarding the initial token distribution process, and the team shall make enough efforts to restrict the access of the private key.

Alleviation

From the client: The team members will be clearly identified through linkedin registration. We're going to make the token distribution clear, distribute it in the context, and make a transparent announcement.

BUP-03 | Too Many Digits

| Category | Severity | Location | Status |
|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| Coding Style | ● Informational | contracts/v6/BUP.sol: 16 | 📄 Acknowledged |

Description

Literals with many digits are difficult to read and review.

File: contracts/v6/BUP.sol (Line 16, Function `BUP.constructor`)

```
super._mint(msg.sender, 99000000000 * (10**uint256(decimals_)));
```

Recommendation

We advise the client to use the scientific notation to improve readability.

Alleviation

From the client: We tried to make it as legible as possible based on what we needed for our service.

V6C-01 | Redundant Code Components

| Category | Severity | Location | Status |
|---------------|-----------------|--|----------------|
| Volatile Code | ● Informational | contracts/v6/common/Context.sol: 19; contracts/v6/BUP.sol: 7 | ⓘ Acknowledged |

Description

The linked statements do not affect the functionality of the codebase and appear to be either leftovers from test code or older functionality.

Recommendation

We advise to remove the redundant statements for production environments.

Alleviation

No alleviation.

V6C-02 | Improper Usage Of `public` And `external` Type

| Category | Severity | Location | Status |
|------------------|-----------------|---|----------------|
| Gas Optimization | ● Informational | contracts/v6/BUP.sol: 49, 112, 117, 122, 126, 136, 149; contracts/v6/token/ERC20.sol: 104, 122, 135, 152, 174, 203, 230 | ⓘ Acknowledged |

Description

`public` functions that are never called by the contract could be declared as `external`. `external` functions are more efficient than `public` functions.

Recommendation

Consider using the `external` attribute for public functions that are never called within the contract.

Alleviation

From the client: It was developed with function in mind that can be used in other contracts in the future.

Appendix

Finding Categories

Centralization / Privilege

Centralization / Privilege findings refer to either feature logic or implementation of components that act against the nature of decentralization, such as explicit ownership or specialized access roles in combination with a mechanism to relocate funds.

Gas Optimization

Gas Optimization findings do not affect the functionality of the code but generate different, more optimal EVM opcodes resulting in a reduction on the total gas cost of a transaction.

Volatile Code

Volatile Code findings refer to segments of code that behave unexpectedly on certain edge cases that may result in a vulnerability.

Coding Style

Coding Style findings usually do not affect the generated byte-code but rather comment on how to make the codebase more legible and, as a result, easily maintainable.

Checksum Calculation Method

The "Checksum" field in the "Audit Scope" section is calculated as the SHA-256 (Secure Hash Algorithm 2 with digest size of 256 bits) digest of the content of each file hosted in the listed source repository under the specified commit.

The result is hexadecimal encoded and is the same as the output of the Linux "sha256sum" command against the target file.

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